

A

# Summer Greek 2006

Croy Lesson 9



## Greek Verbs - TENSE ASPECT

- **KIND of action**
  - CONTINUING (*ongoing, linear*)
  - COMPLETED (*with result or ongoing effect*)
  - SIMPLE (*affirmation of action w/out regard to duration or completion*)
- **TIME of action**
  - PAST
  - CONCURRENT
  - FUTURE

## Greek Verbs

*using the verb λύω*

- **TENSE ASPECT**  
=> *Kind of action and time of action*
    - PRESENT: *I am loosening, I loosen*
    - FUTURE: *I will be loosening, I will loosen*
    - IMPERFECT: *I was loosening*
    - AORIST: *I loosened*
    - PERFECT: *I have loosened*
    - PLUPERFECT: *I had loosened*
- KIND of action: *Continuing, Completed, Simple*  
TIME of action: *Past, Concurrent, Future*

## Greek Verbs

- **VOICE => relation of subject to action**
  - ACTIVE: subject performs action  
*I loosen...*
  - PASSIVE: subject is acted upon  
*I am being loosened (by...)*
  - MIDDLE: action of subject relates back to subject  
*I loosen myself...*

## Greek Verbs

- **MOOD => manner in which action is regarded by subject**
  - INDICATIVE: simple assertion  
*I loosen...*
  - IMPERATIVE: command  
*Loosen!*
  - SUBJUNCTIVE: hypothetical or potential  
*Should I loosen...*
  - OPTATIVE: expressed as a hope  
*Would that I loosen...*
  - INFINITIVE: *to loosen*
  - PARTICIPLE: *loosening*

## Greek Verbs

- **PERSON => identifying subject**
  - 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>
- **NUMBER**
  - Singular, Plural

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	I	We
2 <sup>nd</sup>	you	you ( <i>y'all</i> )
3 <sup>rd</sup>	he / she / it	they

## Greek Verbs

- PERSON
  - 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>
- NUMBER PNTMV
  - Singular, Plural
- TENSE
  - Present, Future, Imperfect, Aorist, Perfect, Pluperfect
- MOOD
  - Indicative, Imperative, Subjunctive, Optative, Infinitive, Participle
- VOICE
  - Active, Passive, Middle

## Greek Verbs

- VOICE => *relation of subject to action*
  - ACTIVE: subject performs action  
*I loosen...*
  - PASSIVE: subject is acted upon  
*I am being loosened (by...)*
  - MIDDLE: action of subject relates back to subject  
*I loosen myself...*

## Greek Verbs: Conjugating

### ■ PRESENT ACTIVE INDICATIVE

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	I am loosening, I loosen	we are loosening, we loosen
2 <sup>nd</sup>	you are loosening, you loosen	you ( <i>pl</i> ) are loosening, you loosen
3 <sup>rd</sup>	he/she/it is loosening he/she/it loosens	they are loosening, they loosen

## Greek Verbs: Conjugating

### ■ PRESENT MIDDLE INDICATIVE

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	I am loosening myself, I loosen myself	we are loosening ourselves, we loosen ourselves
2 <sup>nd</sup>	you are loosening yourself, you loosen yourself	you ( <i>pl</i> ) are loosening yourselves, you loosen yourselves
3 <sup>rd</sup>	he/she/it is loosening him/her/itself he/she/it loosens him/her/itself	they are loosening themselves, they loosen themselves

## Greek Verbs: Conjugating

### ■ PRESENT PASSIVE INDICATIVE

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	I am being loosened I am loosened	we are being loosened, we are loosened
2 <sup>nd</sup>	you are being loosened, you are loosened	you ( <i>y'all</i> ) are being loosened, you are loosened
3 <sup>rd</sup>	he/she/it is being loosened he/she/it is loosened	they are being loosened, they are loosened

## Greek Verbs: Conjugating

### ■ PRESENT ACTIVE INDICATIVE

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	λύω	λύομεν
2 <sup>nd</sup>	λύεις	λύετε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	λύει	λύουσι(ν)

AUG + REDUP + STEM + TENSE + THEME + ENDING

## Greek Verbs

### ■ PRESENT ACTIVE INDICATIVE

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	λύ - ω	λύ - ο - μεν
2 <sup>nd</sup>	λύ - εις	λύ - ε - τε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	λύ - ει	λύ - ου - σι(ν)

AUG + REDUP + **STEM** + TENSE + THEME + ENDING

## Greek Verbs

### ■ PRIMARY ACTIVE ENDINGS

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	- ω*	- μεν
2 <sup>nd</sup>	- εις*	- τε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	- ει*	- σι(ν)

\*shown with combined theme vowel

## Greek Verbs

### ■ PRIMARY ACTIVE ENDINGS

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	- ω*	- μεν
2 <sup>nd</sup>	- εις*	- τε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	- ει*	- σι(ν)

PRIMARY  
MIDDLE/PASSIVE

SECONDARY  
ACTIVE

SECONDARY  
MIDDLE/PASSIVE

## Greek Verbs

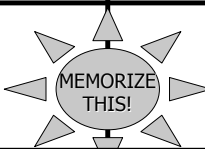
### PRIMARY ACTIVE

	Sing	Plural
1	- ω*	- μεν
2	- εις*	- τε
3	- ει*	- σι(ν)

### PRIMARY MID/PASS/DEP

	Sing	Plural
	- μαι	- μεθα
	- σαι / η	- σθε
	- ται	- νται

SECONDARY  
ACTIVE



SECONDARY  
MIDDLE/PASSIVE

## Greek Verbs

### ■ PRIMARY MIDDLE/PASSIVE/DEPONENT ENDINGS

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	λύ - - μαι	λύ - - μεθα
2 <sup>nd</sup>	λύ - η	λύ - - σθε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	λύ - - ται	λύ - - νται

AUG + REDUP + **STEM** + TENSE + THEME + ENDING

## Greek Verbs

### ■ PRIMARY MIDDLE/PASSIVE/DEPONENT ENDINGS

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	λύ-ο-μαι	λυ-ό-μεθα
2 <sup>nd</sup>	λύ-η	λύ-ε-σθε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	λύ-ε-ται	λύ-ο-νται

AUG + REDUP + **STEM** + TENSE + THEME + ENDING

## Greek Verbs

- PRIMARY MIDDLE/PASSIVE/DEPONENT ENDINGS

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	λύομαι	λυόμεθα
2 <sup>nd</sup>	λύῃ	λύεσθε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	λύεται	λύονται

AUG + REDUP + STEM + TENSE + THEME + ENDING

- But teacher, if the middle and passive have the same form, how will know which one it is?

Mark 12.26 ὁ νεκροὶ ἐγείρονται.

The dead are raising themselves *or* The dead are being raised

1 Cor 15.15

εὕρισκόμεθα ψευδομαρτύρες τοῦ θεοῦ

We [are finding ourselves] | [are being found] to be ...

**CONTEXT!**

## Greek Verbs

- PRESENT ACTIVE INFINITIVE

to be loosening

λύ - ειν

λύειν

- PRESENT MID/PASS/DEP INFINITIVE

to be loosening myself / to keep on being loosened

λύ - ε - σθαι

λύεσθαι

MEMORIZE THIS!

- MIDDLE or PASSIVE?

θελομεν ἀκούεσθαι

## Greek Verbs

ὁ νεκροὶ ἐγείρονται

εὕρισκόμεθα ... **by...**

**ὑπὸ ...**

θελομεν ἀκούεσθαι

The passive can always be understood to be done *by someone*

## Dative of Means

διδασκομεθα τῷ λογῷ τοῦ θεοῦ

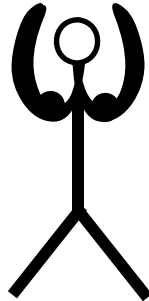
We are being taught by the word of God.

An impersonal agent usually expressed with Dative rather than ὑπὸ

## Regular (Omega) Verbs

- Verbs that have active forms
- Dictionary form will indicate that they are omega verbs

λύω, λέγω, βλέπω...



## Deponent Verbs

- Verbs that do not have active forms
- Middle/Passive form has an active meaning
- (-ομαι >> despondent DEPONENTS)
- Dictionary form will indicate if they are deponent

ἔρχομαι = I come, I go

## Deponent Verbs

- Most Present Middle/Passive Indicative looking verbs are Deponent
- Most Deponent verbs do not have the possibility of a true middle/passive meaning
- If the verb is regular, and it is a Present Middle/Passive Indicative, assume Passive
- >>> *If you can translate it as a Passive, it probably is. If not, assume it is Deponent and translate it like an Active.*

## Compound Verbs

- ἔρχομαι = I come, I go
- ἔρχομαι δια ...
- δια ἔρχομαι >> διέρχομαι
- εἰσερχομαι
- ἐξερχομαι

## Deponent Verbs Irregular

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup>	δύναμαι	δύναμεθα
2 <sup>nd</sup>	δύνασαι	δύνασθε
3 <sup>rd</sup>	δύναται	δύνανται

## Lesson 9 Vocabulary

- ἀποκρίνομαι
- ἄρχω
- ἄρχομαι
- γίνομαι
- διέρχομαι
- δύναμαι
- εἰσερχομαι
- ἐξερχομαι
- ἔρχομαι
- πορεύομαι
- ἁμαρτωλός, ὁ
- οὐδέ
- σύν (Dat)
- ὑπό (Gen; Acc)

## Croy 9 - Exercises

- Do even sentences of Practice and Review
- Do #2 of NT
- Do #4 of English to Greek

## QUIZ on 9

- Reproduce Primary Middle/Passive Indicative Endings
- Reproduce Present M/P Infinitive form
- Vocabulary from Lesson 9
- Analyze and Translate a sentence

## QUIZ on 9

<i>for INF, no person or number</i>	<b>PERSON</b> 1, 2, 3	<b>NUMBER</b> S P	<b>TENSE</b> Pres Fut Impf Aor Perf Plpf	<b>MOOD</b> Indic, Inf, Ptcp, Impv, Subjn	<b>VOICE</b> Act Mid Dep Pass
λυω					
γίνομαι					
βάλλεται					
γίνεσθαι					