

# A

## Summer Greek 2006



## Lesson 3 - Vocabulary

- ἀδελφή, ἡ
- ἀλήθεια, ἡ
- βασιλεία, ἡ
- γῆ, ἡ
- δόξα, ἡ
- ἐκκλησία, ἡ
- ἔχω
- ζωή, ἡ
- ἡμέρα, ἡ
- θάλασσα, ἡ
- καρδιά, ἡ
- φωνή, ἡ
- ὥρα, ἡ

## Parts of Speech

- NOUN - person, place, thing, quality, idea, or action
- ARTICLE - Indefinite = *a / an* ; Definite = *the*
- ADJECTIVE - describes a noun (includes in/definite articles)
- VERB - an action word:
  - Transitive - action passes from doer to something else
  - Intransitive - action does not pass beyond the doer
  - Linking= Copulative = Verb of Being / Becoming - describes doer
- ADVERB - describes actions or adjectives
- PRONOUN - word which takes the place of a noun:
  - personal (*I, you, they...*), relative (*who, which...*), indefinite (*some, any...*), interrogative (*who? which?...*)
- PREPOSITION - relates a noun or phrase (= Object of Preposition) to something else
- CONJUNCTION - connects words, phrases, or sentences:
  - coordinating (*and, or, but*), subordinating (*since, when, because...*)
- PARTICLE - an interjection (*however, therefore...*)

## Parts of a Sentence

Each sentence needs at least a SUBJECT and a MAIN VERB

- SUBJECT - a noun, pronoun, or substantive (a substantive is a phrase or clause which functions as a noun)
- PREDICATE/MAIN VERB - states the action related to the subject
- DIRECT OBJECT - a noun, pronoun, or subst which receives the action of a transitive verb
- INDIRECT OBJECT - secondary recipient of action of transitive verb
- PREDICATE NOMINATIVE - noun, pronoun, or substantive identifying the subject of linking verb
- PREDICATE ADJECTIVE - adjective which describes subject of linking verb

## NOUNS

- GENDER (*does not refer to fe/male*)
  - masculine
  - feminine
  - neuter
- NUMBER
  - singular
  - plural
- CASE (*the function a pro/noun has in a sentence*)
  - Nominative
  - Genitive
  - Dative
  - Accusative
  - Vocative

### CASES AND THEIR FUNCTIONS

<b>NOMINATIVE</b> - naming, designation	<b>DATIVE</b> - indirect Object (A-D), Location (E-F), Means (G-J)
A) ὄνομα	A) ἰσχυρῶς
B) ὀνόματι ἰσχυρῶς	B) ἰσχυρῶς
C) ὀνόματι ἰσχυρῶς	C) ἰσχυρῶς
<b>GENITIVE</b> - relationship, definition (-)	D) ἰσχυρῶς
A) ἰσχυρῶς / ὄνομα - of	E) ἰσχυρῶς
B) ἰσχυρῶς / ἰσχυρῶς - of ...	F) ἰσχυρῶς
C) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - of the, about	G) ἰσχυρῶς
D) ἰσχυρῶς ἰσχυρῶς - of by	H) ἰσχυρῶς
E) ἰσχυρῶς / ὄνομα - of, from, out of	I) ἰσχυρῶς
F) ἰσχυρῶς - of, out of	J) ἰσχυρῶς
G) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς, ἰσχυρῶς	
H) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
I) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
J) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
K) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
L) ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
M) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
N) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
O) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
P) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
Q) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
R) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
S) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
T) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
U) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
V) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
W) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
X) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
Y) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	
Z) ὄνομα ἰσχυρῶς - ἰσχυρῶς	

## NOUNS - Case

- Nominative
  - Subject - *Students love Greek.*
  - Predicate Nominative - *I am a Greek freak.*
  - Predicate Adjective - *Greek is fun.*

## NOUNS - Case

- Nominative
  - Genitive
    - Relationship (possession) – *children of God*
    - Definition or Description – *words of grace*
- ... OF \_\_\_\_\_

## NOUNS - Case

- Nominative
  - Genitive
  - Dative
    - Indirect Object – *I am teaching Greek to you.*
    - Location – *on the road; at midnight* - ἐν / ἐπι
    - Instrumental - *We see with our eyes.*
- ... TO / BY / FOR \_\_\_\_\_

## NOUNS - Case

- Nominative
- Genitive
- Dative
- Accusative
  - Direct Object – *I love Greek.*
  - Reference
  - Manner
  - Subject of infinitive

## NOUNS - Case

- Nominative
- Genitive
- Dative
- Accusative
- Vocative
  - Direct Address – *Class! Class! CLASS!*

## NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM		
GEN		
DAT		
ACC		
VOC		

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	ῶρα	ῶραι
GEN	ῶρας	ῶρῶν
DAT	ῶρα	ῶραις
ACC	ῶραν	ῶρας
VOC	ῶρα	ῶραι

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	-α	-αι
GEN	-ας	-ῶν
DAT	-α	-αῖς
ACC	-αν	-ας
VOC	-α	-αι

"Pure Alpha" pattern – alphas following ε / ι / ρ

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	φωνή	φωναί
GEN	φωνῆς	φωνῶν
DAT	φωνῆ	φωναῖς
ACC	φωνήν	φωναίς
VOC	φωνή	φωναί

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	-η	-αι
GEN	-ης	-ῶν
DAT	-ῆ	-αῖς
ACC	-ην	-ας
VOC	-ή	-αί

"Pure Eta" pattern

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	δόξα	δόξαι
GEN	δόξης	δοξῶν
DAT	δόξῃ	δόξαις
ACC	δόξαν	δόξας
VOC	δόξα	δόξαι

### NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	-α	-αι
GEN	-ης	-ῶν
DAT	-ῆ	-αῖς
ACC	-αν	-ας
VOC	-α	-αι

"Mixed" pattern

## NOUNS – First Declension

	SG	PL
NOM	-α / -η	-αι
GEN	-ας / -ης	-ων
DAT	-α / -η	-αις
ACC	-αν / -ην	-ας
VOC	-α / -η	-αι

MEMORIZE THIS!

## NOUNS

Dictionary entry of nouns is the Nominative Singular form, the definite article indicates its gender, and from these you can also discern its pattern of endings

ὁ = Masc ἡ = Fem τό = Neut

βασίλεια, ἡ

Fem Sg Nom

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PURE ALPHA

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PURE ETA

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MIXED

### Croy 3 - Exercises

- Do the even sentences of Practice and Review
- Do #s 1 and 6 of NT
- Do #1 of English to Greek

### QUIZ on Monday A.M.

- Lessons 2-3
- Primary Active Indicative Endings paradigm
- Present Active Infinitive Form
- Identify Person and Number of Prim.Act.Indic.
- 1<sup>st</sup> Declension Noun Endings paradigm
- Identify GNC of some 1<sup>st</sup> Declension nouns
- VOCABULARY
- Cf. Sample Quiz online