

A

Croy Lessons 18-20 Participles

SYNTAX

Part 2



PARTICIPLES

How is "studying" functioning?

- I was studying Greek. >> *PERIPHRASTIC (SUPPL.)*
- Studying Greek, I sometimes want to scream. >> *CIRCUMSTANTIAL (ADV.)*

VERBAL

ADJECTIVES

- The seminarian studying Greek is a happy seminarian. >> *ADJECTIVE*
- Studying Greek is a lot of fun. >> *SUBSTANTIVE*

PARTICIPLES

Does the Participle agree with a noun (or implied subject of verb*)?

- NO → SUBSTANTIVE
 - YES → ADJECTIVE
- the (ptcp) one
the one who/which (ptcp)
- the (ptcp) noun
the noun who/which (ptcp)

What position is the pten in?

PARTICIPLES

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- the (ptcp) noun
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What position is the pten in?

- Attributive

PARTICIPLES

- Learning Greek, I sometimes want to scream.
- >> *CIRCUMSTANTIAL (ADVERBIAL)*
 - Under the circumstance of ... (*UTC...*)
 - While learning...
 - Because I'm learning ...
 - Even though I'm learning ...
- How is the Greek likely to express this?
 - Predicate position
 - PTCP will agree in GNC with actor as expressed in main clause of sentence

CIRCUMSTANTIAL PARTICIPLES

- Learning Greek, I sometimes want to scream.
 - Who is learning?
 - What is the function of "I" in the sentence >>> PTCP would be a M or F, Singular, Nom
- When they are learning Greek, the teacher sometimes surprises the students with a quiz.
 - Who is learning?
 - "they" = "students" > D.O. = Masc, Plural, Acc
- When they are learning Greek, it is necessary for the students to get plenty of sleep.
 - Who is learning?
 - "they" = "students" > ~I.O. = Masc, Plural, Dat

PARTICIPLES

Does the Participle agree with a noun (or implied subject of verb?)

• NO
• YES

↳ What position is the ptcp in? |

• Predicate

CIRCUMSTANTIAL

under the circumstances of (ptcp)

- Time: while, when after, as
- Cause: because, since
- Condition: if
- Concession: although, even though
- Purpose: in order to, to
- Result: so that, thereby
- Means/Manner: by, in, by means of
- Attendant or Coordinating Circumstance: ptcp; ptcp and verb
- **Genitive Absolute** (ptcp and the pro- noun with which it agrees are both in genitive case) is just a special instance of circumstantial ptcp

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CIRCUMSTANTIAL PARTICIPLES GENITIVE ABSOLUTE

*While the teacher was teaching,
the students were sleeping.*

Note that the two clauses do not have any grammatical element to connect them.

- Greek uses the *genitive* case to express the introductory clause (and indicate it is *separate* from the rest of the sentence).
- This Genitive Absolute is oftentimes used to express a temporal reference.
When | While | After | As

PARTICIPLES

I was studying Greek.

- >> *PERIPHRASTIC (or Supplementary)*

- It is periphrasing or supplementing a verbal concept
- It sometimes conveys a progressive sense (with a Present Ptcp)

Finite Verb (of εἰμί)	+	Participle	=	Finite Tense Equivalent
Present	+	Present	=	Present
Imperfect	+	Present	=	Imperfect
Future	+	Present	=	Future
Present	+	Perfect	=	Perfect
Imperfect	+	Perfect	=	Pluperfect

Wallace, GGBB, 648 Table 11 - The Forms of the Periphrastic Participle

PARTICIPLES

I was studying Greek.

- >> *PERIPHRASTIC (or Supplementary)*
- How will the Greek likely try to express this?
 - Usually with verb of being (εἶμι or γίνομαι or ὑπάρχω) followed by participle
 - In almost all instances, participle is nominative
 - Watch for instances of a perfect passive participle in predicate position functioning periphrastically!

Τῆ γὰρ χάριτί ἐστε σεσωσμένοι διὰ πίστεως.

PARTICIPLES

Does the Participle agree with a noun (or implied subject of verb)

• NO
• YES

↳ What position is the ptcp in?

• Predicate

↳ PERIPHRASTIC (SUPPLEMENTARY)

- especially with εἶμι
- indirect discourse with verbs of perception
- PERF ptcp with forms of εἶμι (especially PERF and PLPF mid, 3p)

Periphrastic = Supplementary
Participles

διδάσκω
ἔδιδασκον
ἦμην διδάσκων

Periphrastic = Supplementary
Participles

γέγραπται*
ἔστιν γεγραμμένον*
ἦν γεγραμμένον*

Homework

DUE on Friday: (Do at least 4 from each lesson)

- CROY 18 – Exercises P&R 1-14; NT 1,11
- CROY 19 – Exercises P&R: 1-14; NT 2,4,5,6
- CROY 20 – Exercises P&R: 1-14; NT 1,2,5,7,11

Quiz on Friday 24 or Tuesday 27

- Open notes / book

for the following verbs in PTCP mood	GNDR M F N	NMBR S, P	CASE NGDA	TENSE Pres, Fut, Impf, Aor, Perf, Plpf	VOICE Act, Mid, Dep, Pass	Rough Transl.
εἰσελθόντος						
ἔχων						

εἰσελθόντος τοῦ κυρίου εἰς τὸν οἶκον,

ὁ τὰ δαιμόνια ἔχων ἐκράξεν.

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εἰσελθόντος	M	S	G	Aor	A	having entered
ἔχων	M	S	N	Pres	A	having

εἰσελθόντος τοῦ κυρίου εἰς τὸν οἶκον,
The Lord having entered into the house, (After the Lord...)

ὁ τὰ δαιμόνια ἔχων ἐκράξεν.
the one having the demons cried out.